## **Stoichiometry Calculation Practice Worksheet**

1. How many grams of  $P_4O_{10}$  can be produced from the reaction of 52.9 g of KClO<sub>3</sub> with excess phosphorous as shown below:

$$KClO_3(s) + P_4(s) \rightarrow P_4O_{10}(s) + KCl(s)$$
 (unbalanced)

2. How many grams of  $N_2$  can be formed from the reaction of 18.1 g of  $NH_3$  and 90.4 g of CuO, as shown below:

$$2 \text{ NH}_3 (g) + 3 \text{ CuO} (s) \rightarrow \text{N}_2 (g) + 3 \text{ Cu} (s) + 3 \text{ H}_2 \text{O} (g)$$

3. When 50.0 g of MgCO<sub>3</sub> react completely with H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, as shown below,15.8 g of CO<sub>2</sub> is produced. What is the percent yield for this reaction?

$$2 H_3PO_4 + 3 MgCO_3 \rightarrow Mg_3(PO_4)_2 + 3 CO_2 + 3 H_2O$$

4. What mass of  $F_2$  is needed to produce 120.0 g of  $PF_3$ , as shown, if the reaction has a 78.1% yield?

$$P_4(s) + 6 F_2(g) \rightarrow 4 PF_3(g)$$