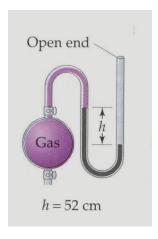
REVIEW QUESTIONS

Chapter 5

1. Determine the pressure of the gas (in mmHg) in the diagram below, given atmospheric pressure= 0.975 atm.



2. A sample of oxygen gas has a volume of 26.7 L at 752 mmHg and 20°C. What is the volume of this gas at 1.30 atm and 20°C?

3. A 35.8 L cylinder of Argon gas is connected to and transferred into an evacuated 1875-L tank at constant temperature. If the final pressure in the tank is 721 mmHg, what must have been the original pressure (in atm) in the cylinder?

released to reduce the pressure in the cylinder to 1.15 atm if the temperature remains a stant?
STP, 0.280 L of a gas weighs 0.400 g. Calculate the molar mass of this gas.
lculate the density of HBr gas in g/L at 733 mmHg and 46°C.
mixture of 4.00 g of hydrogen and 10.0 g of helium are in a 4.30-L flask at 0°C. What he total pressure of the container and the partial pressures of each gas?

8. Life rafts and weather balloons can be inflated by the reaction shown below	8.	Life rafts and	weather balloons	can be inflated	by the reaction	shown below:
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$$CaH_2(s) + 2 H_2O(l) \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2(aq) + 2 H_2(g)$$

How many grams of CaH_2 are needed to produce 10.0 L of hydrogen gas at 740 mmHg and 23°C?

9. Nitroglycerin, an explosive compound, decomposes according to the equation below:

$$4\;C_{3}H_{5}(NO_{3})_{3}\;(s)\;\rightarrow\;12\;CO_{2}\;(g)+10\;H_{2}O\;(g)+6\;N_{2}\;(g)+O_{2}\;(g)$$

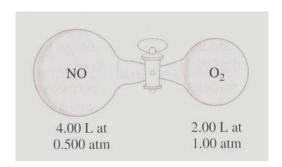
Calculate the total volume of gases produced at 1.2 atm and 26°C when 260 g of nitroglycerine is decomposed.

10. A 1.65-g sample of Al is reacted with excess HCl and the hydrogen produced is collected over water at 25°C at a barometric pressure of 744 mmHg. What volume of hydrogen gas is produced in this reaction? (Vapor pressure of water at 25°C is 23.8 mmHg)

11. Nitric oxide reacts with oxygen gas as shown below:

$$2\;NO\;(g)\;+\;O_2\;(g)\;\rightarrow\;2\;NO_2\;(g)$$

Initially NO and O₂ are separated as shown in the diagram below. When the valve is opened the reaction quickly goes to completion. Determine the identity of the gases that remain at the end of the reaction and their partial pressure. Assume temperature remains at 25°C.



12.	A 4.85-g sample of solid ammonium chloride is placed in a 1.50-L evacuated flask and
	heated until it decomposes, as shown below:

$$NH_4Cl(s) \rightarrow NH_3(g) + HCl(g)$$

After the reaction has completed, the total pressure in the flask is measured as 4.40 atm at 202°C. Based on this information, what percent of the ammonium chloride decomposed?

13. A mixture of gases containing 12.45 g of H₂, 60.67 g of N₂ and 2.38 g of NH₃ are placed in a 10.00 L container at 90°C. What is the total pressure (in atm) and partial pressure of each component in the gas mixture?

14. Which has a higher average speed, H₂ at 150 K or He at 375°C?

15. A big-league fastball travels at about 45.0 m/s. At what temperature (°C) do helium atoms have this same average speed?

16. The surface temperature of Venus is about 1050 K, and the pressure is about 75.0 earth atmospheres. Assuming that these conditions represent a Venusian "STP", what is the "standard" molar volume of a gas on Venus?

17. Gaseous iodine IF₅ can be prepared by the reaction of solid iodine and gaseous fluorine:

$$I_2(s) + 5 F_2(g) \rightarrow 2 IF_5(g)$$

A 5.00-L flask is charged with 10.0 g of I₂ and 10.0 g of F₂, and the reaction proceeds until one of the reagents is completely consumed. After the reaction is complete the temperature in the flask is 125°C. What is the partial pressure of IF₅ in the flask?

18.	A sample of N ₂ O effuses from a container in 42.0 seconds.	How long will it take the
	same amount of gaseous I2 to effuse from the same contained	er under identical conditions?

19. This reaction occurs in a closed container:

$$A(g) + 2B(g) \rightarrow 2C(g)$$

A reaction mixture initially contains 1.5 L of A and 2.0 L of B. Assuming that the volume and temperature of the reaction mixture is constant, how does the pressure change, and what is the percentage change if the reaction goes to completion.

20. A gas mixture contains 30.0% CH₄ and 70.0% Xe by mass. If the total pressure of this mixture is 0.44 atm, what is the partial pressure of each gas in the mixture?